



Certificate of Analysis

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Product Name: Autocamtide-2-related inhibitory peptide, myristoylated Catalog No.: 5959 Batch No.: 5

CAS Number: 201422-04-0

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{78}H_{142}N_{22}O_{20}$

Batch Molecular Weight: 1708.12

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Counter Ion: TFA

Solubility: Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

Storage: Store at -20°C

Peptide Sequence: Myr-Lys-Lys-Ala-Leu-Arg-Arg-Gln-Glu-Ala-

Val-Asp-Ala-Leu

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: Shows 99.1% purity

Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid Theoretical Actual			Amino Acid Theoretical Actual		
Ala	3.00	2.89	Lys	2.00	2.05
Arg	2.00	2.08	Met		
Asx	1.00	0.97	Phe		
Cys			Pro		
Glx	2.00	2.03	Ser		
Gly			Thr		
His			Trp		
lle			Tyr		
Leu	2.00	1.99	Val	1.00	1.01

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

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Product Information

Print Date: Oct 2nd 2025

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Product Name: Autocamtide-2-related inhibitory peptide, myristoylated Catalog No.: 5959 Batch No.: 5

CAS Number: 201422-04-0

Description:

Autocamtide-2-related inhibitory peptide, myristoylated is a CaM kinase II inhibitor; enhanced cell permeable derivative of Autocamtide-2-related inhibitory peptide (Cat No. 1688). Pretreatment blocks reinstatement of morphine-seeking behavior in vivo.

Physical and Chemical Properties:

Batch Molecular Formula: C₇₈H₁₄₂N₂₂O₂₀ Batch Molecular Weight: 1708.12

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Peptide Sequence:

Myr-Lys-Lys-Ala-Leu-Arg-Arg-Gln-Glu-Ala-Val-Asp-Ala-Leu Storage: Store at -20°C

Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied in lyophilized form. It may appear as a solid, gel or film and be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Counter Ion: TFA

Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such Cys, Met,Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 μ m filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

References:

Liu et al (2012) Inhibition of CaMKII activity in the nucleus accumbens shell blocks the reinstatement of morphine-seeking behavior in rats. Neurosci.Lett. 518 167. PMID: 22579819.

Laabich et al (2000) Neuroprotective effect of AIP on N-methyl-D-aspartate-induced cell death in retinal neurons. Brain Res. Mol.Brain Res. 85 32. PMID: 11146104.

Ishida et al (1995) A novel highly specific and potent inhibitor of calmodulin-dependent protein kinase II. Biochem.Biophys.Res.Commun. **212** 806. PMID: 7626114.

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