

Certificate of Analysis

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Product Name: Jingzhaotoxin III

Catalog No.: 4913

Batch No.: 9

CAS Number: 925463-91-8

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: C₁₇₄H₂₄₁N₄₇O₄₆S₆
Batch Molecular Weight: 3919.5
Physical Appearance: White solid
Counter Ion: TFA
Solubility: Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water
Storage: Store at -20°C
Peptide Sequence:

```

      Asp-Gly-Glu-Cys-Gly-Gly-Phe-Trp-Trp-Lys-
    Cys-Gly-Arg-Gly-Lys-Pro-Pro-Cys-Cys-Lys-
      Gly-Tyr-Ala-Cys-Ser-Lys-Thr-Trp-Gly-Trp-
                Cys-Ala-Val-Glu-Ala-Pro
  
```

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: Shows 95.8 % purity
Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

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Description:

Jingzhaotoxin III is a selective blocker of Na_v1.5 channels (IC₅₀ = 348 nM); displays no effect on other isoforms, including Na_v1.2, Na_v1.4, Na_v1.6 and Na_v1.7. Thought to inhibit sodium channel activation by binding to the Na_v1.5 S3-S4 linker of domain II. Selectively inhibits the activation of cardiac sodium channels, but has no effect on sodium channels in dorsal root ganglion neurons.

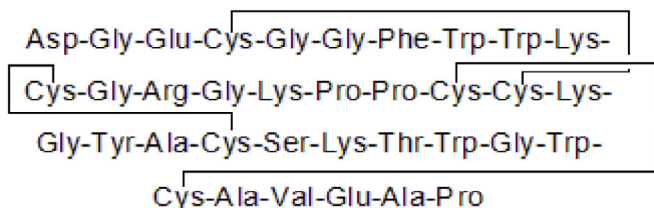
Physical and Chemical Properties:

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Physical Appearance: White solid

Peptide Sequence:



Storage: Store at -20°C

Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied in lyophilized form. It may appear as a solid, gel or film and be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Counter Ion: TFA

Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such as Cys, Met, Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 µm filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

References:

Rong et al (2011) Molecular basis of the tarantula toxin jingzhaotoxin-III (β-TRTX-Cj1α) interacting with voltage sensors in sodium channel subtype Nav1.5. *FASEB J.* **25** 3177. PMID: 21665957.

Xiao et al (2004) Jingzhaotoxin-III, a novel spider toxin inhibiting activation of sodium channel in rat cardiac myocytes. *J.Biol.Chem.* **279** 26220. PMID: 15084603.

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