

Certificate of Analysis

Print Date: Feb 28th 2024

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Product Name: ω-Agatoxin TK Catalog No.: 2802 Batch No.: 4

CAS Number: 158484-42-5

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{215}H_{337}N_{65}O_{70}S_{10}$

Batch Molecular Weight: 5273.02

Physical Appearance: White solid

Solubility: Soluble in water

Storage: Store at -20°C

Peptide Sequence: Glu-Asp-Asn-Cys-IIe-Ala-Glu-Asp-Tyr-Gly-Lys-

Cys-Thr-Trp-Gly-Gly-Thr-Lys-Cys-Cys-Arg-Gly-

Arg-Pro-Cys-Arg-Cys-Ser-Met-IIe-Gly-Thr-Asn-

Cys-Glu-Cys-Thr-Pro-Arg-Leu-IIe-Met-Glu-Gly-

Leu-Ser-Phe-Ala

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: Shows 95.0 % purity **Mass Spectrum:** Consistent with structure

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid	Theoretical	Actual	Amino Acid	Theoretical	Actual
Ala	2.00	2.19	Lys	2.00	2.00
Arg	4.00	3.99	Met	2.00	1.98
Asx	4.00	4.10	Phe	1.00	1.00
Cys	8.00	7.75	Pro	2.00	1.97
Glx	4.00	3.90	Ser	2.00	1.79
Gly	6.00	6.03	Thr	4.00	3.83
His			Trp	1.00	0.82
lle	3.00	2.85	Tyr	1.00	0.98
Leu	2.00	2.00	Val		

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Product Information

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Product Name: ω-Agatoxin TK Catalog No.: 2802 4

CAS Number: 158484-42-5

Description:

 $\omega\textsc{-Agatoxin}$ TK is a selective blocker of Cav2.1 P/Q-type calcium channels.

Physical and Chemical Properties:

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{215}H_{337}N_{65}O_{70}S_{10}$

Batch Molecular Weight: 5273.02 Physical Appearance: White solid

Peptide Sequence:

Storage: Store at -20°C

Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble in water

This product is supplied in lyophilized form. It may appear as a solid, gel or film and be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such Cys, Met,Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 µm filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

References:

Barral *et al* (2001) High-affinity inhibition of glutamate release from corticostriatal synapses by ω -agatoxin TK. Eur.J.Pharmacol. *430* 167. PMID: 11711028.

Teramoto *et al* (1997) A novel type of calcium channel sensitive to ω -agatoxin-TK in cultured rat cerebral cortical neurons. Brain Res. **756** 225. PMID: 9187336.

Teramoto et al (1993) A novel peptide from funnel web spider venom, ω -Aga-TK, selectively blocks P-type calcium channels. Biochem.Biophys.Res.Comms. **196** 134.

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