

Certificate of Analysis

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Product Name: Alytesin
CAS Number: 31078-12-3

Catalog No.: 1893

Batch No.: 1

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: C₆₈H₁₀₆N₂₂O₁₇S
Batch Molecular Weight: 1535.78
Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid
Net Peptide Content: 89%
Solubility: Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water
Storage: Desiccate at -20°C
Peptide Sequence: Glp-Gly-Arg-Leu-Gly-Thr-Gln-Trp-Ala-Val-
Gly-His-Leu-Met-NH₂

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: Shows >95% purity

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid		Theoretical	Actual	Amino Acid		Theoretical	Actual
Ala	1.00	1.16	Lys				
Arg	1.00	1.07	Met	1.00	0.97		
Asx			Phe				
Cys			Pro				
Glx	1.00	1.03	Ser				
Gly	3.00	3.02	Thr	1.00	0.99		
His	1.00	1.05	Trp	1.00			
Ile			Tyr				
Leu	2.00	2.00	Val	1.00	1.00		

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

Product Name: Alytesin
CAS Number: 31078-12-3**Catalog No.:** 1893 **Batch No.:** 1**Description:**

Amphibian bombesin-like peptide. Stimulates gastric acid secretion, intestinal contraction, rat uterine contraction and hypertension in vivo in the dog. Also modulates thermoregulation following central administration in vivo.

Physical and Chemical Properties:Batch Molecular Formula: C₆₈H₁₀₆N₂₂O₁₇S

Batch Molecular Weight: 1535.78

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Peptide Sequence:

Glp-Gly-Arg-Leu-Gly-Thr-Gln-Trp-Ala-Val-
Gly-His-Leu-Met-NH₂

Storage: Desiccate at -20°C**Solubility & Usage Info:**

Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied as a lyophilized solid and may be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Net Peptide Content: 89% (Remaining weight made up of counterions and residual water).**Stability and Solubility Advice:**

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such as Cys, Met, Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 µm filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

References:

Anastasi (1971) Alytesin and bombesin, two peptide analogs from amphibian skin. *Naunyn Schmiedebergs Arch.Pharmacol.* **269** 135. PMID: 4254272.

Broccardo et al (1975) Relative potency of bombesin-like peptides. *Br.J.Pharmacol.* **55** 221. PMID: 1201380.

Rivier and Brown (1978) Bombesin, bombesin analogues, and related peptides: effects on thermoregulation. *Biochemistry* **17** 1766. PMID: 656396.

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