



# **Certificate of Analysis**

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Product Name: BIM 23056 Catalog No.: 1844 Batch No.: 4

CAS Number: 150155-61-6

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula:  $C_{71}H_{81}N_{11}O_9$ Batch Molecular Weight: 1232.49

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Net Peptide Content: 65% Counter Ion: TFA

**Solubility:** Soluble to 1 mg/ml in 20% acetonitrile / water

Storage: Desiccate at -20°C

Peptide Sequence: D-Phe-Phe-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe-D-Nal-NH<sub>2</sub>

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

**HPLC:** Shows 99% purity

Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid Theoretical Actual	Amino Acid	Theoretical	Actual
Ala	Lys	1.00	0.96
Arg	Met		
Asx	Phe	3.00	3.02
Cys	Pro		
Glx	Ser		
Gly	Thr		
His	Trp		
lle	Tyr	1.00	1.08
Leu	Val	1.00	0.95



## **Product Information**

Print Date: Jan 11th 2016

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#### **Description:**

Somatostatin receptor ligand ( $K_i$  values are 142, > 1000, 10.8, 16.6 and 5.7 nM for human cloned  $sst_1$  <sub>5</sub> receptors respectively). Behaves as an antagonist on SRIF14-induced [ $^{35}S$ ]-GTP $\gamma S$  binding at  $sst_3$  and  $sst_5$  receptors (PK<sub>B</sub> values are 6.33 and 5.84 respectively).

#### **Physical and Chemical Properties:**

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#### **Peptide Sequence:**

D-Phe-Phe-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe-D-Nal-NH<sub>2</sub>

Storage: Desiccate at -20°C

### Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble to 1 mg/ml in 20% acetonitrile / water

This product is supplied as a lyophilized solid and may be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

**Net Peptide Content:** 65% (Remaining weight made up of counterions and residual water).

Counter Ion: TFA

#### Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such Cys, Met,Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 µm filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

#### References:

Raynor et al (1993) Cloned somatostatin receptors: identification of subtype-selective peptides and demonstration of high affinity binding of linear peptides. Mol.Pharmacol. 43 838. PMID: 8100350.

Patel and Srikant (1994) Subtype selectivity of peptide analogs for all five cloned human somatostatin receptors (hsstr 1-5). Endocrinology 135 2814. PMID: 7988476.

Wilkinson et al (1996) Potent antagonism by BIM-23056 at the human recombinant somatostatin sst₅ receptor. Br.J.Pharmacol. 118 445. PMID: 8762063.

Siehler and Hoyer (1999) Characterisation of human recombinant somatostatin receptors. Modulation of GTPgammaS binding. Naunyn Schmiedebergs Arch.Pharmacol. *360* 500. PMID: 10598789.

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

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